## Value

- Tone: describes how lightness or darkness of a color
  - Tint: Adding WHITE to make a color lighter
  - Shade: Adding BLACK to make a color darker
  - Contrast: describes the difference between lightest and darkest values.
  - Chiaroscuro: describes how emitted light interacts with an object. (think about how a light shines on an object)
    - High-key: describes the difference between lightest and darkest values.
    - Low-key: little difference between values
    - Depth of Field: the illusion of going back into space
      - Foreground: closest to viewer, highest contrast, sharper/distinctive edges on forms.
      - Background: furthest from viewer, lowest contrast, softer edges on forms.
- Shading: the process of applying media to show changes in values
- Tonal Scale: a chart that shows distinctive and gradual transitions between values
- Gradient Scale: a chart that shows smooth and gradual transitions between values.







## Space

- · Positive: the object
- Negative: area around the object
- Open Space: area art that is un-activated; space left blank with purpose of adding to overall design.
- Closed: area of art that is activated; space where art media is placed
- Linear Perspective: a specific process that creates the illusion of actual space in the real world. (We'll delve deeper into this topic another time)
  - Depth of Field: the illusion of going back into space
  - Foreground: closest to viewer, highest contrast, sharper/distinctive edges on forms, warmer colors.
  - Background: furthest from viewer, lowest contrast, softer edges on forms, cooler colors.

